# **Appendix 2 – Schedule of Additional Modifications**

# Additional Modifications to the Cambridge Local Plan

# PAGE NO / POLICY & PARAGRAPH NUMBERING REFERS TO PROPOPSED SUBMISSION LOCAL PLAN 2014

Key:

<u>Underlined bold text</u> = new text added

**Strikethrough bold text** = text to be removed

Local	Policy/	Proposed Modification
Plan	Paragraph	
Page		
Section	One: About Can	nbridge
6	Paragraph 1.8	Although Cambridge is a small city in size, its
		international stature and the extent of the facilities it offers
		are much greater than one would expect. The population
		of Cambridge was 123,900 in 2011. It is predicted that by
		2031 the population will reach 150,000. Cambridge also
		has to consider the needs of its academic population. The
		city hosts a large student population from the University
		of Cambridge and Anglia Ruskin University. In 2012, the
		student population of the University of Cambridge and
		Anglia Ruskin University was estimated at 29,087.
8	Paragraph	On adoption of this plan, the official statutory
	1.15	development plan for Cambridge comprises:
		Cambridge Local Plan 2014;
		Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Minerals and Waste
		Local Development Framework Core Strategy (July
		2011); and Site Specific Proposals Plan (February
		2012) Development Plan Documents;
		Cambridge East Area Action Plan (excluding policies
		CE/3 and CE/35, which are replaced by Policy 12:

		Cambridge East); and
		North West Cambridge Area Action Plan.
		The Cambridge Local Plan 2006 is deleted in its entirety
		and no longer forms part of the development plan.
Section	Two: The Spatia	l Strategy
21	Paragraph	Insert new sentence at the end of paragraph 2.27 to read:
	2.27	This common has been and aread by the Joint Chartenia
		This approach has been endorsed by the Joint Strategic
		Transport and Spatial Planning Group (JST&SPG), the
		member governance group set up to guide the
		collaborative preparation of development plans in
		Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire and the
		associated transport strategy. This group has also
		considered the additional evidence prepared in 2015.
21	Paragraph	Amend paragraph 2.28 to read:
	2.28	
		In detail, the strategy options considered by the
		JST&SPG (22 May 2013) demonstrate that focusing
		development on Cambridge remains the most sustainable
		location for additional development and the Cambridge
		Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA),
		has identified as updated with information for 2012/13
		completions from the Annual Monitoring Report 2013,
		3,324 identifies 3,308 new homes through windfall sites
		or allocations within the urban area in the new local plan.
21	Paragraph	Insert new sentence on the end of paragraph 2.30 to
	2.30	read:
		<del>-</del>
		The conclusion of the consideration of reasonable site
		options for development on the edge of Cambridge is to
		require development away from the edge of Cambridge to
		meet the remaining development needs of the wider
		Cambridge area. The sustainability appraisal of broad

	locations undertaken as part of the joint work endorsed by
	the JST&SPG demonstrates clearly that new settlements
	are the next most sustainable location for growth and that
	development in villages should be limited for sustainability
	reasons. This appraisal was updated in 2015, to take
	account of new evidence prepared in response to the
	Inspectors during the Local Plan Examination.
After	Insert new paragraph after 2.30 to read:

21 After paragraph 2.30

In response to issues raised by the Inspectors during the Local Plan Examination, the Councils commissioned a new independent Inner Green Belt Review in 2015. This also concluded that beyond those locations already identified in the submission Local Plans it is unlikely that any development could be accommodated without substantial harm to Green Belt purposes (in most locations around the edge of the City). Additional work was carried to consider sites on the edge of Cambridge on an equal basis with other sites, through transport modelling and Sustainability Appraisal. Work was also undertaken on an updated Infrastructure Delivery Study and Viability Report with a Development Strategy document that drew together the findings of all the additional work. The Development Strategy Update and the Joint Sustainability Appraisal Addendum set out how the issue of Green Belt was considered through the plan making process, meeting the requirements of paragraphs 84 and 85 of the NPPF to consider the sustainability impacts of developing outside the Green Belt compared with removing land from the Green Belt for development. This work confirmed the approach to the development strategy. Further work was also undertaken to demonstrate that the transport measures necessary to

		<u>s</u>	support sustain	<u>able new set</u>	<u>tlemen</u>	ts are capable o	f being
		<u>c</u>	<u>lelivered. The (</u>	Greater Cam	<u>bridge</u>	City Deal provid	ed a
		<u>p</u>	osition stateme	ent in March	<u>2016 t</u>	hat confirms the	City
		<u></u>	Deal partners a	re wholly cor	nmitte	d to delivery of th	<u>ne</u>
		<u>iı</u>	nfrastructure pi	rogramme for	r the be	enefit of existing	and
		<u>f</u>	uture residents	and busines	ses th	rough the provis	ion of
		2	an enhanced tra	ansport netw	ork tha	nt provides good	quality
		c	connectivity bet	ween homes	and jo	bbs, including	
					<u>-</u>	lopment provide	d for in
			- · ·	<del>-</del>		y of key infrastru	
			schemes.				
22	Table 2.2:			" next to each	n numk	per in the columr	าร
	2031 strategy	,	Structure plan	1999 to 2016	i' and 'I	New local plan s	trateav
	approach		2011 - 2031'	- 1 -		I	3)
		3	See Table 2.2 a	as shown bel	ow		
						New Local	
				Structure		Plan	
				Plan 1999	%	Strategy	%
				to 2016		2011 to 2031	
						(both areas)	
			Cambridge	8,900	27	<del>6,611</del> <u>6,828</u>	<del>20</del> 19
			Urban Area	<u>homes</u>		<u>homes</u>	20 <u>10</u>
			Cambridge	8,000		<del>11,891</del> 12,670	
			Fringe	homes	25	homes	35
			Sites	HOHIES		HOIHES	
			New	6,000	10	<del>10,335</del> <u>8,055</u>	2400
			settlements	<u>homes</u>	18	<u>homes</u>	<del>31</del> 23
		Villana	9,600	20	4 <del>,748</del> 8,220	4.400	
			Villages	<u>homes</u>	30	homes	<del>14</del> 23
			TOTAL 1999 to	00.500		<del>33,585</del>	
	Ì	1		32,500	I	i l	
			1999 to	homes	100	<u>35,773</u>	100

<u>homes</u>

Section	Section Three: City Centre, Areas of Major Change, Opportunity Areas and site			
specific	proposals			
45	Paragraph 3.8	Amend paragraph 3.8 to read:		
		The table within the policy identifies those uses that the		
		Council thinks are appropriate at ground floor level in the		
		PSA. The NPPF identifies office and residential uses as		
		town centre uses. While the value of these uses in		
		centres is recognised, these are only appropriate in upper		
		floors in the primary and secondary frontages in		
		Cambridge. These uses would not provide active		
		frontages. The Cambridge Retail and Leisure Study		
		Update 2013 identifies a significant capacity for additional		
		comparison shopping, and the best location for this is		
		within the City Centre at the top of the retail hierarchy.		
		Therefore, ground floor units should not be lost to offices		
		or residential use, including student <del>hostels</del>		
		accommodation, and any applications for such a change		
		of use would have to provide evidence of marketing and		
		show there were exceptional circumstances why a unit		
		could not be used for a centre use.		
49 - 50	Paragraph	Amend paragraph 3.15 to read:		
	3.15			
		Land at Cambridge East was taken out of the Green Belt		
		through the Cambridge Local Plan 2006 and Cambridge		
		East <u>Area Action Plan (AAP)</u> 2008 for the development		
		of a major new urban extension to the city. This was		
		dependent on the relocation of current activities at the		
		airport. The Marshall Group had been actively looking into		
		relocation options for the airport activities since 2006. In		
		2010, they announced that they did not have a		
		deliverable relocation option and they intended to remain		
		at Cambridge Airport for the foreseeable future.		

57	Figure 2.2:	Doloto man toxt and the man legand to read:
31	Figure 3.3:	Delete map text and the map legend to read:
	Cambridge	Proposed Science Park Station New Railway Station
	Northern	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Fringe East	See amended Figure 3.3 overleaf.
	and land	
	surrounding	
	the proposed	
	Cambridge	
	Science Park	
	Station Area of	
	Major Change	
		Proposed Minor Modification Figure 3.3: Illustration of Cambridge Northern Fringe East and land surrounding the proposed Cambridge Science Park new Railway Station Area of Major Change  Additional Modification CC-AM005: Delete map text and the map legend to read:  Proposed Science Park Station New Railway Station  Proposed Science Park Station New Railway Stati
61	Policy 16:	Amend criterion e to read:
	Cambridge	
	Biomedical	e. include provision for the extension of existing
	Campus	conventional bus services, the Cambridgeshire Busway
	(including	and Park and Ride services to meet the needs of the
	Addenbrooke'	resident and working populations, including disabled

	s Hospital)	people with disabilities; and
	Area of Major	
	Change,	
	criterion e	
62-63	Paragraphs	Amend text to read:
	3.48 - 3.49	
		3.48 Energy centre: Addenbrooke's Hospital has
		identified the need for a new clinical waste facility
		(energy from waste) to replace the existing facility. In
		response, the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough
		Minerals and Waste Core Strategy (July 2011) made a
		strategic site specific allocation for the replacement
		clinical waste facility (Policy CS19, area of search site
		W2). It also provided a waste consultation area around
		this to protect the site allocation (Policies CS19 and
		CS30). The area of search and the waste consultation
		area are shown on the policies map. An application has
		been submitted to approved by Cambridgeshire
		County Council for an energy innovation centre (energy
		from waste facility) within the site allocation.
		3.49 If this is permitted, This will allow Addenbrooke's
		Hospital will-to benefit from an energy innovation centre
		and energy network serving the Cambridge Biomedical
		Campus as a whole. Developments within the site
		should, therefore, seek to connect to this energy network,
		subject to feasibility and viability. A benefit is that it can
		provide developers with a cost-effective way to meet the
		carbon reduction requirements sought by the local plan.
69	Paragraph	Amend text to read:
	3.66	Figure 0.0 and idea a Proposition of the College
		Figure 3.6 provides a diagrammatic representation of the
		principal land uses, access and transport arrangements

74	Policy 20:	Amend text to read:
7.4	Delian 20	Figure 3.6: West Cambridge and NIAB Areas of Major Change and North West Cambridge  Additional Modification CC-AM009: Amend the key in Figure 3.6 to refer to 'North West Cambridge Area Action Plan' rather than 'North West Area Action Plan' rather than 'North West Area Action Plan'.  Proposal Site Proposal Site of Negrounhood Caron Guide Bussey (in road part)  Proposal Site of Neg
71	Figure 3.6: West Cambridge and NIAB Areas of Major Change and North West Cambridge	and landscape provision for the West Cambridge site and its relationship with North West Cambridge, the National Institute of Agricultural Botany (NIAB), land between Huntingdon Road and Histon Road, and the rest of the city.  Amend the key in Figure 3.6 to refer to 'North West Cambridge Area Action Plan' rather than 'North West Area Action Plan'.  See amended Figure 3.6 below.

	Clifton Road	
	Area of Major	
	Change.	
74	Policy 20:	Amend text to read:
	Station Areas	
	West and	Station Area West (2) <u>– Site M44</u>
	Clifton Road	
	Area of Major	
	Change.	
74	Policy 20:	Amend text to read:
	Station Areas	
	West and	Clifton Road Area <u>– Site M2</u>
	Clifton Road	
	Area of Major	
	Change.	
86	Paragraph	Amend text to read:
	3.97	
		There are a number of sites with potential for
		redevelopment for residential uses, these include 315–
		349 Mill Road and Brookfields (R21), Mill Road Depot
		(R10) and the Travis Perkins site on Devonshire Road
		(R9).
92	Table below	Insert title to read:
	Paragraph	Table 3.1: Indicative floorspace/units
	3.102	
	-	ing to climate change and managing resources
113	Paragraph	Amend paragraph 4.23 by adding reference to evidence
	4.23	clearly linking energy efficiency, the EPC rating and the
		value of the property as follows:
		The aim of this policy is to help homeowners implement
		measures that will enhance the energy efficiency of their
		homes, helping to reduce fuel costs at a time of rising
		energy prices. This might help reduce the risk of some
	1	2 2 37 Final 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

		homeowners finding themselves in fuel poverty, or in
		cases where residents are already in fuel poverty, help to
		get them out of this situation. There is also some
		evidence to suggest that carrying out energy efficiency
		measures can also increase the value of properties. The
		focus is on cost-effective measures with a simple
		payback of seven years or less and that would be
		relatively simple to install with limited disruptionMany of
		these measures will be eligible for funding through the
		national Green Deal scheme.
114	Policy 31:	Amend criterion f of Policy 31 to read:
	Integrated	
	water	f. any flat roof is a green or brown roof, providing that it is
	management	acceptable in terms of its context in the historic
	and the water	environment of Cambridge (see Policy 6261:
	cycle, criterion	Conservation and Enhancement of Cambridge's Historic
	f	Environment) and the structural capacity of the roof if it is
		a refurbishment. Green or brown roofs should be widely
		used in large-scale new communities
114	Policy 31:	Amend criterion h of Policy 31 to read:
	Integrated	h. the run-off from all hard surfaces shall receive an
	water	appropriate level of treatment in accordance with
	management	Sustainable Drainage Systems guidelines, SUDS Manual
	and the water	
	cycle, criterion	(CIRIA <del>C697</del> <u>C753</u> ), to minimise the risk of pollution;
	g	
114	Paragraph	Amend first sentence to read:
	4.26	
		Current best practice guidance such as the SUDS Manual
		and Planning for SUDS (CIRIA C697 C753 and C687)
		should be followed in the design of developments of all
		sizes, with design principles that are important to
		Cambridge set out in this policy.

125	Policy 36: Air	Amend to read:
	quality, odour	
	and dust,	c. there is no adverse affect on air quality in an air
	criterion c	quality management area(AQMA);
Section	Five: Supporting	g the Cambridge economy
134	Policy 40,	Amend criterion c as follows:
	criterion c	
		c. research and research and development facilities will
		be supported in the Cambridge Biomedical Campus and
		Addenbrooke's (including Addenbrooke's Hospital),
		and at the West Cambridge site, provided they satisfy
		relevant policies in Section Three of the plan.
135	Table 5.1	Add the source of the data:
		Savesa Employment Land Baylaw Undate 2012
400	Tables 5.0 and	Source: Employment Land Review Update 2013.
136	Tables 5.2 and	Add the source of the data:
	5.3	Source: Cambridge Business Commitments and
		Completions 2012, Cambridgeshire County Council.
141	Policy 43:	Amend Policy 43 title to read:
	University	
	faculty	University Faculty Development
	development	
141	Policy 43:	Amend Policy 43 sub-titles to read:
	University	
	faculty	Faculty University development in the City Centre
	development	Faculty-University development outside the City Centre
141	Policy 43:	Amend Policy 43 text to read:
141		Amena i dicy 43 text to read.
	University	In addition, development of sites in the Eastern Gateway
	faculty	or near East Road should consider including a significant
	development	element of faculty university development.
143	Policy 44:	Amend first sentence of policy to read:
	Specialist	
	- CPOOLALION	

	colleges and	The development of existing and new specialist <b>colleges</b>
	language	and/or language schools will not be permitted unless
	schools	they provide residential accommodation, social and
	SCHOOLS	
		amenity facilities for all non-local students (students
		arriving to study from outside Cambridge and the
		Cambridge sub-region), with controls in place to ensure
		that the provision of accommodation is in step with the
		expansion of student places.
Section	Siv: Maintaining	a balanced supply of housing
163		
103	Paragraph	Amend paragraph 6.38 to read:
	6.38	Gardens are an important environmental resource and are
		a vital component of Cambridge's character <del>, especially in</del>
		its more verdant, arcadian quarters. They form part of an
		area's development pattern, providing a setting for
		buildings, which in turn informs the prevailing privacy and
		amenity enjoyed by residents. They provide space for
		food production and a semi-natural habitat for local wildlife
		and corridors for the movement of wildlife through the
		urban environment. Collectively, they help to mitigate
		fluvial and surface water flooding in otherwise built-up
		parts of the city.
Section	Seven: Protecti	ng and enhancing the character of Cambridge
172	Policy 56:	Amend criterion k to read:
172	Creating	Amena chienon k to read.
	Successful	k. ensure that proposals meet the principles of
		inclusive design, and in particular meet the
	Place, criterion	needs of people with disabilities disabled
	k	people, the elderly and those with young
		children.
180	Paragraph	Proposed modification moved from Main Modifications to
	7.26	
	7.20	

	1	T
		Additional Modifications:
		Given the high potential for assets of archaeological
		importance in the urban area, applicants should also
		obtain archaeological advice. Consideration needs to be
		given to the potential for harm or substantial harm to
		such assets, and to their setting. Further information on
		heritage assets can be obtained from the
		Cambridgeshire Historic Environment Record.
189	Paragraph	Amend text to read:
	7.58	TI 0 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		The Council has declared 12 Local Nature Reserves
		(LNRs) on land that it owns and manages, including a
		number of the city's commons. LNRs are statutorily
		designated by local authorities under Section 21 of the
		National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949.
		County Wildlife Sites (CWSs) and City Wildlife Sites
		(CiWSs) also include a number of the city's commons.
		They do not have statutory protection. They have been
		selected as sites of substantive nature conservation
		interest, against published criteria, as a result of surveys
		undertaken initially by the local Wildlife Trust for the
		Council and maintained by the Cambridgeshire and
		Peterborough Environmental Records Centre (CPERC).
		Other undesignated green spaces also make up the
		ecological network of sites across the city and would be
		subject to this policy, if they identified as meeting the
		criteria for city or county wildlife site status.
Section	Eight: Services	and local facilities
208	Policy 75:	Amend text of Policy 75 to read:
	Healthcare facilities	New or enhanced healthcare facilities will be permitted if:
		a. the scale, range, quality and accessibility of healthcare

		facilities would be improved;
		b. they are located in the area they are expected to serve;
		and
		c. where possible and appropriate they are co-located
		with complementary services.
		The Council will work with Local Commissioning Groups
		the relevant health organisations to provide high quality
		and convenient local health services in all parts of
		Cambridge, but particularly in areas of population growth.
		Planning permission will be granted for new primary
		healthcare facilities in locations accessible by road, by
		walking, by cycling and by public transport, where this will
		meet an existing deficiency, or support regeneration or
		new development.
208	Paragraph	Delete entire paragraph:
	8.35	
		Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) are statutory
		bodies representing groups of GPs responsible for
		designing local health services in England. Every GP
		practice will need to be a member of a CCG. Local
		Commissioning Groups (LCGs) are smaller groups of GP
		practices with a focus on more local issues than the
		CCG. The Cambridgeshire and Peterborough CCG
		includes two LCGs responsible for patients in Cambridge
		and South Cambridgeshire.
212	Paragraph	Amend paragraph 8.49 to read:
212	8.49	Amona paragraph of to to road.
	0.40	The Cambridge Hotel Futures Study (as amended)
		identifies the aim of achieving a high quality and
		distinctive hotel offer in Cambridge City Centre in terms of
		national and international branded 4 star hotels, boutique

		hotels, good quality 3 star hotels and possibly a 5 star
		hotel – through the upgrading and expansion of existing
		hotels and the conversion of suitable properties.
		Consequently, the policy seeks to ensure that any
		proposal is for a hotel of suitably high quality specification
		to meet the needs identified in the study. This can help
		ensure that any new hotels are towards the upper end of
		the spectrum of hotels.
Appen	dix B: Proposals	schedule
242	Appendix B:	Planning status should include reference to: Site 5.17 in
	Proposals	Cambridge Local Plan 2006.
	Schedule	
	Site R1:295	
	Histon Road	
247	Appendix B:	Rename site to reflect its mixed use: R44-becomes M44
	Proposals	
	Schedule	
	Site R44:	
	Betjeman	
	House	
250	Appendix B:	Amend text to read:
	Proposals	
	Schedule	Cambridge Biomedical Campus (including
		Addenbrooke's Hospital)
	Site M15:	
	Cambridge	
	Biomedical	
	Campus,	
	including	
	Addenbrooke's	
	Hospital	
Appen	dix C: Designatio	ns schedule

272	Appendix C:	Replace P&G22 Coldham's Common with NAT44
	Designations	Coldham's Common
	Schedule, Site	
	P&G22	
275	Appendix C:	Amend text to read:
	Designations	
	Schedule, Site	Hills Road Sixth Form College Playing Fields /
	SPO59	Cantabrigian Rugby Football Grounds
276	Appendix C:	Rename PH011 The County Arms to The Architect
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
276	Appendix C:	Rename PH020 The Unicorn to Rhode Island
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
276	Appendix C:	Rename PH032 The Avery to The Grain & Hop Store
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
276	Appendix C:	Rename PH033 The Bakers to Duke of Cambridge
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
276	Appendix C:	Delete PH009 The Ranch

	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
276	Appendix C:	Delete PH019 The Rosemary Branch
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
276	Appendix C:	Delete PH025 Penny Ferry
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
277	Appendix C:	Rename PH037 The Bird in Hand to Navadhanya
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
277	Appendix C:	Rename PH043 The Cow to Reys
	Designations	
	Schedule - List	
	of protected	
	public houses	
	(Policy 76)	
277	Appendix C:	Delete PH066 The Zebra
		1
	Designations	
	Designations Schedule - List	

	public houses		
	(Policy 76)		
278	Appendix C:	Rename PH079 Man on the Moon to Blue Moon	
	Designations		
	Schedule - List		
	of protected		
	public houses		
	(Policy 76)		
278	Appendix C:	Rename PH096 The Tally Ho to Hudson's Ale House	
	Designations		
	Schedule - List		
	of protected		
	public houses		
	(Policy 76)		
278	Appendix C:	Rename PH097 The Unicorn to The Lord Byron Inn	
	Designations		
	Schedule - List		
	of protected		
	public houses		
	(Policy 76)		
278	Appendix C:	Add PH105 The Pint Shop 10 Peas Hill Market	
	Designations		
	Schedule - List		
	of protected		
	public houses		
	(Policy 76)		
278	Appendix C:	Add PH106 The Old Bicycle Shop 104 Regent Street	
	Designations	Peas Hill Market	
	Schedule - List		
	of protected		
	public houses		
	(Policy 76)		
Append	Appendix D: Southern Fringe Area Development Framework		

	281	Appendix D:	Amend text to read:
		Southern	
		Fringe Area	This appendix is based on the Southern Fringe Area
	Develo Framev paragra	Development	Development Framework (ADF) document produced by
		Framework,	Cambridge City Council in 2006. The wording of this
		,	appendix is predominantly based on the 2006 document,
		paragraph D.1,	but updated slightly where it is appropriate to do so. It
		first paragraph	has been included in the local plan to reiterate the
			•
			council's support for the Framework's content (as
			updated) and to ensure its status is strengthened by
			virtue of it being included in a local plan. This appendix
		1	

will help direct the preparation of future planning

applications and the planning of services and

infrastructure. The vision for this area is:

Appendix F:	Amend text to read:
Tall Buildings	
and The	Within the historic core, there is a great variety of
Skyline, F.13	rooflines, articulated by spires, cupolas, chimneys and
•	towers. The predominantly narrow plot widths help give
	the historic core variety, notably along King's Parade,
	where five storey buildings are juxtaposed against three
	storey buildings. Above the roofline of 'town' buildings,
	emerge the taller, ecclesiastical college and university
	buildings. The level of enclosure created by relatively tall
	buildings and narrow streets does mean that some of the
	taller buildings have remained visually discrete. Figure
	F.42 identifies existing landmark buildings in Cambridge.
Appendix F:	The generally level topography of the city and its environs
Tall Buildings	results in limited vantage points to enable views of the
and The	whole city skyline. However, there are still some good
Skyline, F.19	vantage points around the city. The Cambridge
	Landscape Character Assessment (2003) notes the
	importance of distant views from the south, southwest
	Tall Buildings and The Skyline, F.13  Appendix F: Tall Buildings and The

		and west. Figure F.23 shows both the topography of
		Cambridge and the surrounding area and identifies key
		strategic viewpoints.
316	Appendix F:	Amend text to read:
	Tall Buildings	
	and The	Criterion 1a: Location, setting and context
	Skyline,	
	Criterion 1:	
	Location,	
	setting and	
	context	
317	Appendix F:	Amend text to read:
	Tall Buildings	
	and The	Criterion <b>3</b> <u>c</u> : Scale, massing and architectural quality
	Skyline,	
	Criterion 3:	
	Scale, massing	
	and	
	architectural	
	quality	
318	Appendix F:	Amend text to read:
	Tall Buildings	
	and The	Criterion <b>4<u>d</u></b> : Amenity and microclimate
	Skyline,	
	Criterion 4:	
	Amenity and	
	microclimate	
319	Appendix F:	Amend text to read:
	Tall Buildings	Oritarian Fas Dublia na sta
	and The	Criterion <u>5e</u> : Public realm
	Skyline,	
	Criterion 5:	
	Public realm	

Append	lix K: Marketing,	local needs assessment and viability appraisal
371	Appendix K: Marketing,	Criterion d of paragraph K.8 should be amended to read:
374	Local Needs and Viability Appraisal, paragraph K.8 Appendix K: Marketing, Local Needs and Viability Appraisal, paragraph K.13	unless previously agreed in writing with the council as a local planning authority, the marketing exercise should be sufficiently thorough and use all available forms of advertising media and therefore include as a minimum:  Amend text to read:  Both freehold and leasehold options should be made available without a 'tie' requiring the purchase of drinks through the vendor and without restrictive covenants that would otherwise prevent re-use as a public house such that other pub operators, breweries, local businesses or community groups wishing to take over the premises and trade it as a pub are not excluded.
376	Appendix K: Marketing, Local Needs and Viability Appraisal, paragraph K.18	Amend text to read:  Applicants should note the following in terms of carrying out community consultation as part of an independent local needs assessment. The consultation exercise should:  a. take all reasonable steps to notify all residents, businesses and residencets' associations (in order to take account of employees who might visit the pub) within a 400m radius of the public house site about the relevant proposal;  b. gather all the opinions and comments of all consultees on the loss of the existing or former public house facility. The results of this exercise shall be submitted to the local planning authority as

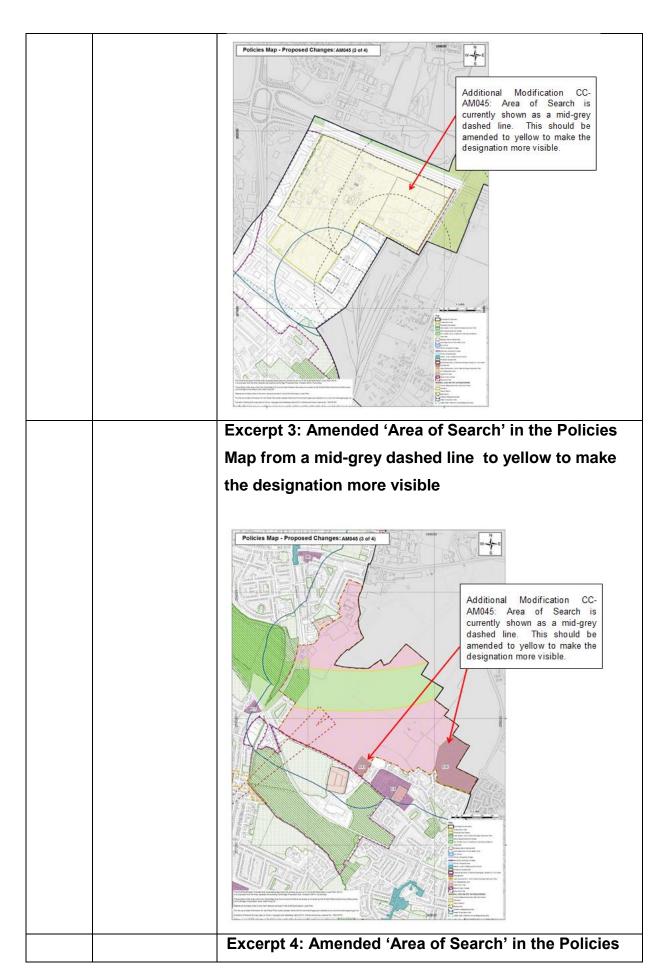
		c. complete the consultation at least six months before
		any related planning application is formally submitted.
		All reasonable steps would include local advertisement,
		provision of a site notice, and a letter drop to all
		addresses within a 400 metre radius of the site.
Glossa	ry	
463	Glossary	Delete glossary term for Aparthotel and serviced
		apartments:
		Aparthotels and serviced apartments offer a higher level
		of service than normal rented apartments, such as
		cleaning, laundry, food hampers, toiletries and the
		provision of towels. The letting is normally on a daily
		short-term basis, although some might require a minimum
		2-3 night stay. There are also reception facilities and a
		hotel-style booking system.
465	Glossary	After definition of Carbon Footprint insert definition of City
		Centre as:
		The City Centre is the historic, cultural and retail centre of
		Cambridge. Two main shopping areas can be found
		within the City Centre: the Historic Core and the
		Fitzroy/Burleigh Street/Grafton area. The boundary of the
46-		City Centre is defined on the Policies Map.
465	Glossary	After definition of Carbon Footprint insert definition of
		Chalk hills as:
		Chalk hills occurs to the south and south east of
		Cambridge extending from the south of Addenbrooke's
		eastwards towards Newmarket. The chalk hills form part

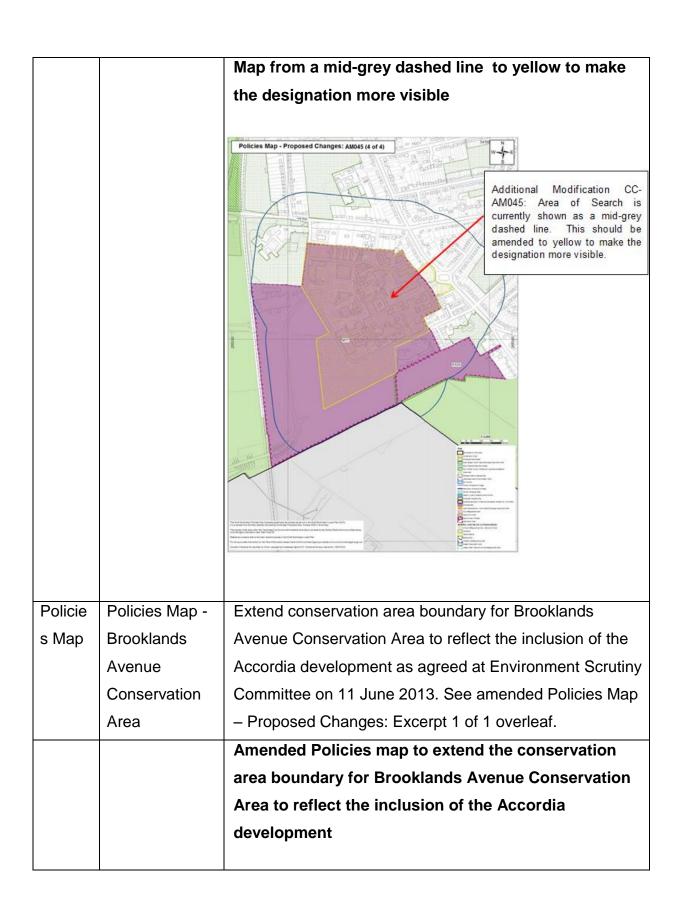
	T	T
		of the East Anglian Heights and are an extension of the
		chalklands running north from the Chiltern Hills. The
		arrival into Cambridge from the chalk hills to the south-
		east, dropping down from the higher land, allows for
		expansive views across the city. The hills are gently
		rounded and rolling, reaching 74 metres above sea level
		at Wandlebury. The springs that occur at the junction of
		the chalk and clay, such as at Nine Wells are an
		important habitat, and the dry valleys of the chalk are
		important landscape features. The fields are large,
		enclosed by generally very closely maintained low thorn
		hedges with few hedgerow trees. Shelter belts, often of
		beech, and hill top copses are an important feature of this
		landscape, the latter often acting as reference points.
		The roads tend to be straight and towards Cambridge run
		across the contours, thus commanding some excellent
		panoramic views of the city and its environs.
	Glossary	Delete glossary term for Code for Sustainable Homes:
		Developed to enable a change in sustainable building
		practice. It is intended as a single national standard to
		guide industry in the design and construction of
		sustainable homes. There are six levels of the code, with
		Level 6 equating to a zero carbon home. At each level,
		there are minimum energy efficiency/carbon emissions
		and water efficiency standards.
469	Glossary	Description of a heritage asset should be amended to
		read:
		A building manument site place area or landesons
		A building, monument, site, place, area or landscape
		identified as having a degree of significance meriting
		consideration in planning decisions because of its
		heritage interest. Heritage asset is a term that includes
		designated heritage assets (e.g. listed buildings, world

		heritage sites, conservation areas, scheduled	
		monuments, protected wreck sites, registered parks and	
		gardens and battlefields) and non-designated assets	
		which are identified by the local planning authority. Non-	
		designated heritage assets include sites of archaeological	
		interest, (including local listing). buildings, structures or	
		features of local heritage interest listed by, or fulfilling	
		criteria for listing by the local planning authority.	
469	Glossary	After definition for high quality hotel, insert definition of	
		historic core as:	
		The historic core of Cambridge is part of the large Central	
		Conservation Area, which is one of eleven conservation	
		areas in Cambridge. The current boundaries of the	
		historic core can be found in Appendix F of the Local Plan	
		and in the Council's Historic Core Conservation Area	
		Appraisal.	
470	Glossary	Between 'Knowledge based economy' and 'Landscape	
		scale', insert:	
		<u>Landfill sites:</u>	
		Landfill sites were originally small, informal and	
		uncontrolled tips used by local authorities or industry for	
		the disposal of waste. As urban sites became scarcer,	
		larger sites were developed towards the edge of towns	
		and cities. The Report of the Working Party on Refuse	
		Disposal (DOE 1971) defined controlled landfilling as	
		the deposit and compacting of waste on land in shallow	
		-	
		layers, and covering the exposed surfaces with inert	
		material.'	
1			
		Prior to the 1970s, the majority of landfill sites had little or	
		Prior to the 1970s, the majority of landfill sites had little or no engineering control of waste beyond that provided by	

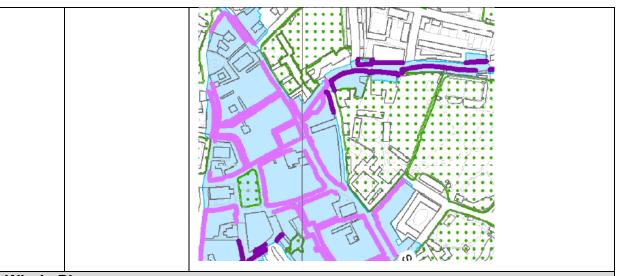
	Waste			
s Map	<ul><li>Minerals and</li></ul>	line. This should be amended to yellow to make the		
Policie	Policies Map	Area of Search is currently shown as a mid-grey dashed		
Policies Map				
		Student hostel accommodation		
475	Glossary	Amend the definition Student hostel accommodation to read:		
		public and private ownership can be considered.		
		use as well as local market conditions. Land in both		
		pattern of existing and former industrial and commercial		
		likely to vary across the country, and will reflect the		
		The types and sizes of site suitable for Starter Homes are		
		render Starter Homes financially unviable.		
		and infrastructure costs that are not too great so as to		
		commercial or industrial purposes, but with remediation		
		are likely to be under-used or no longer viable for		
		not been currently identified for housing. Suitable sites		
		used or unviable industrial and commercial land that has		
		applications for development for Starter Homes on under-		
		The Government's exception site policy enables		
		Starter Homes Exception Sites		
475	Glossary	Insert after Specialist schools:		
		Directive 1999 and the Landfill Regulations 2010.		
		landfill. Modern landfills are regulated under the Landfill		
		and Control of Pollution Act 1974 introduced regulation of		
		introduction of the Deposit of Poisonous Waste Act 1972		
		the local topography and geology. However, the		

Safeguarding	designation more visible.		
	acongriculori more violbic.		
Allocation and	   See amended Policies Map – Prop	nosed Changes:	
Area of Search	·	Josed Changes.	
	Excerpts 1 – 4 below/overleaf		
Excerpt 1: Amended 'Area of Search' in the		earch' in the Policies	
	Map key from a mid-grey dashed line to yellow to		
make the designation more visible.			
	mane me deergmanen mere vien		
	Policies Map - Proposed Changes: AMMAS (1 of 4)	-	
	Cambridge City Boundary		
	Conservation Area Protected Open Space		
	Open Space - North West Cambridge Area Action Plan Site of Special Scientific Interest		
	City Wildlife, County Wildlife and Local Nature Reserve Green Belt		
	Strategic District Heating Area Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone		
	City Centre		
	Primary Shopping Frontage     Secondary Shopping Frontage		
	Primary Shepping Area District, Local or Neighbourhood Centre	Additional Modification CC-	
	Protected industrial Site Indicative Boundary of National Geological Interest (inc. 10m buffer)	AMU45: Area of Search is currently shown as a mid-grey	
	Proposal Site  Major Development - North West Cambridge Area Action Plan	dashed line. This should be	
	City Safeguarded Land	amended to yellow to make the designation more visible.	
	Opportunity Area Area of Major Change	designation more visible.	
	MINERAL AND WASTE SAFEGUARDING		
	Mineral Safeguarding Area - Sand and Cravel Allocation		
	Area of Search		
	Existing Site Transport Safeguarding Area		
	Waste Consultation Area Waste Water Treatment Works Safeguarding Area		
	Excerpt 2: Amended 'Area of Se	earch' in the Policies	
	Map from a mid-grey dashed lin	e to yellow to make	
	the designation more visible		
	9		





		Additional Modification CC-MM046: Extend conservation area boundary for Brooklands Avenue Conservation Area to reflect the inclusion of the Accordia development		
Policie	Policies Map:	These designations are currently shown as blue solid		
s Map	s Map Primary lines. It is difficult to see the distinction bet			
	Shopping	colours and it is suggested that these are amended for		
	Frontage and	clarity. Primary Shopping Frontage will now be pink,		
Shopping See amended Policies Map – Proposed Cha		whilst Secondary Shopping Frontage will now be purple.		
		See amended Policies Map – Proposed Changes:		
		Excerpt 1 of 1 overleaf for amended colours of primary		
		and secondary shopping frontage.		
		Amended Policies Map to Primary Shopping		
	Frontage will be in pink and Secondary Shoppin			
		Frontage in purple.		



# Whole Plan

Re-number all policies and paragraphs following final confirmed modifications to ensure sequential numbering throughout the Plan.

Change reference to Greater Cambridge City Deal to the Greater Cambridge Partnership throughout the Plan.